SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## LAWN WEEDKILLER RTU3 AL 6X750ML BOT GB

Version 3/EU 102000017684

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### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1 Product identifier		
Trade name	LAWN WEEDKILLER RTU3 AL 6X750ML BOT GB	
Product code (UVP)	79088663	
1.2 Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Use	Herbicide	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Bayer CropScience AG Alfred-Nobel-Straße 50 40789 Monheim am Rhein Germany	
Telefax	+49(0)2173-38-7394	
Responsible Department	Product Safety and Specification Management +49(0)2173-38-3409/3685 (during business hours only) Email: BCS-SDS@bayer.com	
1.4 Emergency telephone no.		
Emergency telephone no.	Global Incident Response Hotline +1 (760) 476-3964 (Company 3E for Bayer CropScience)	

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Not classified, the classification criteria are not met.

### Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified, the classification criteria are not met.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- 2,4-D, dimethylamine salt
- MCPA, DMA salt
- Mecoprop-P-dimethylamine salt
- Dicamba, dimethylamine salt

### Hazard statements

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

### **Precautionary statements**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.

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### 2.3 Other hazards

No particular hazards known.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Chemical nature**

Any other liquids (AL) 2,4-D/MCPA/Mecoprop-p/Dicamba 0,7:0,7:0,42:0,2 g/l as Dimethylamine salts

### Hazardous components

R-phrase(s) according to EC directive 67/548/EEC Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Name	CAS-No. /	Classification		Conc. [%]
	EC-No.	EC Directive 67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
2,4-D, dimethylamine salt	2008-39-1 217-915-8	Xn; R22 Xi; R41 R43 N; R51/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	>= 0,07 - <= 0,09
MCPA, DMA salt	2039-46-5 218-014-2	Xn; R20/21/22 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302, H312, H332 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	>= 0,07 - <= 0,09
Mecoprop-P- dimethylamine salt	66423-09-4 613-932-3	Xn; R22 Xi; R41 N; R51/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	>= 0,04 - <= 0,06
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	2300-66-5 218-951-7	Xi; R36 R52/53	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	>= 0,02 - <= 0,03

### **Further information**

For the full text of the R-phrases/ Hazard statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

4.1 Description of first aid measures		
General advice	When symptoms develop and persist, seek medical advice.	
Inhalation	Move the victim to fresh air and keep at rest.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.	
Eye contact	Remove contact lens and rinse eyes immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse out mouth and give water in small sips to drink. Keep patient warm and at rest.	

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed



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Symptoms	Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Nausea, Breathing difficulties, Somnolence, Slight irritation	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Treatment	Initial treatment: symptomatic. In the event of a mouthful or more being ingested, the following measures should be considered: In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. Forced alkaline diuresis and hemodialysis may be considered. There is no specific antidote.	

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable	Water spray, Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable	High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO)
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Precautions	Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. When dealing with a spillage do not eat, drink or smoke.	
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.	
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Collect and transfer the product into a properly labelled and tightly closed container. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.	

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	No special precautions required.



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Hygiene measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Requirements for storage areas and containers	Protect from freezing. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.	
Advice on common storage	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.	

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

No control parameters known.

#### **8.2 Exposure controls**

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.
Hand protection	Wear CE Marked (or equivalent) nitrile rubber gloves (minimum thickness of 0,4 mm). Wash when contaminated and dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.
Eye protection	Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).
Skin and body protection	Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit. If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit. Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	Liquid
Colour	light brown
Odour	slight
рН	9 - 10 at 100 % (20 °C)
Flash point	>79 °C



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Density Water solubility Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	ca. 1,00 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C completely soluble 2,4-D dimethylamine salt: log Pow: 0,65 MCPA: log Pow: 1,4 Mecoprop-P: log Pow: 0,02
Viscosity, kinematic	Dicamba: log Pow: 0,55 0,68 mm2/s
Surface tension	48,1 mN/m at  40 °C 50,8 mN/m at  25 °C

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### **10.1 Reactivity**

not applicable

10.4 Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong bases
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Hydrogen chloride (HCl) Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon monoxide

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects		
Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (rat) > 2.000 mg/kg	
Acute inhalation toxicity		
-	Not relevant	
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (rat) > 2.000 mg/kg	
Skin irritation	No skin irritation (rabbit)	
Eye irritation	No eye irritation (rabbit)	
Sensitisation	Non-sensitizing.	

#### Assessment repeated dose toxicity

2,4-D dimethylamine salt did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. MCPA did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Mecoprop-P did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Dicamba did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

### **Assessment Mutagenicity**

2,4-D dimethylamine salt was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. MCPA was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Mecoprop-P was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Dicamba was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

### Assessment Carcinogenicity

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2,4-D was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. MCPA was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Mecoprop-P caused an increased incidence of tumours in in the following organ(s): . The mechanism that triggers these tumours is not relevant to humans. Dicamba was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

2,4-D did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. MCPA did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Mecoprop-P did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Dicamba did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

### Assessment developmental toxicity

2,4-D dimethylamine salt caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. MCPA caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Mecoprop-P caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Mecoprop-P caused a delayed foetal growth.

Dicamba did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity		
Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Fish) > 110 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h	
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)) > 110 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h	
Toxicity to aquatic plants	EC50 (Algae) > 488 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h	
	EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)) 830 mg/l Growth rate	
12.2 Persistence and degradability		
Biodegradability	2,4-D dimethylamine salt: not rapidly biodegradable MCPA: not rapidly biodegradable Mecoprop-P: rapidly biodegradable Dicamba: not rapidly biodegradable	
Кос	2,4-D dimethylamine salt: Koc: 72 - 471 MCPA: Koc: 50 - 60 Mecoprop-P: Koc: 135 - 167 Dicamba: Koc: 5,1	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulation	2,4-D dimethylamine salt: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 0,1 Does not bioaccumulate. MCPA: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 1 Does not bioaccumulate. Mecoprop-P: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 3 Does not bioaccumulate.	



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Dicamba: Does not bioaccumulate.		
2,4-D dimethylamine salt: Moderately mobile in soils MCPA: Mobile in soils Mecoprop-P: Mobile in soils Dicamba: Highly mobile in soils		
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
2,4-D dimethylamine salt: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). MCPA: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Mecoprop-P: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Dicamba: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Dicamba: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).		
No further ecological information is available.		

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant.
Contaminated packaging	Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardous waste.
Waste key for the unused product	200119 pesticides

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION According to ADN/ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA not classified as dangerous goods.

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

**14.1 – 14.5** Not applicable.

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code. SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

#### **15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Text of R-phrases mentioned in Section 3

R20/21/22 R22	Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed.
R22 R36	Irritating to eyes.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R52/53	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with the guidelines established by Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) 453/2010 amending Regulation (EU) No 1907/2006 (and any subsequent amendments). This data sheet complements the user's instructions, but does not replace them. The information it contains is based on the knowledge available about the product concerned at the time it was compiled. Users are further reminded of the possible risks of using a product for purposes other than those for which it was intended. The required information complies with current EEC legislation. Addressees are requested to observe any additional national requirements.

#### Note Bayer CropScience:

This data sheet has been generated according to the safety data sheet supplied by the manufacturer of the product:

AGRIPHAR S.A.

Reason for Revision:

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010. Section 11: Toxicological Information. Section 12. Ecological information.



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Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.